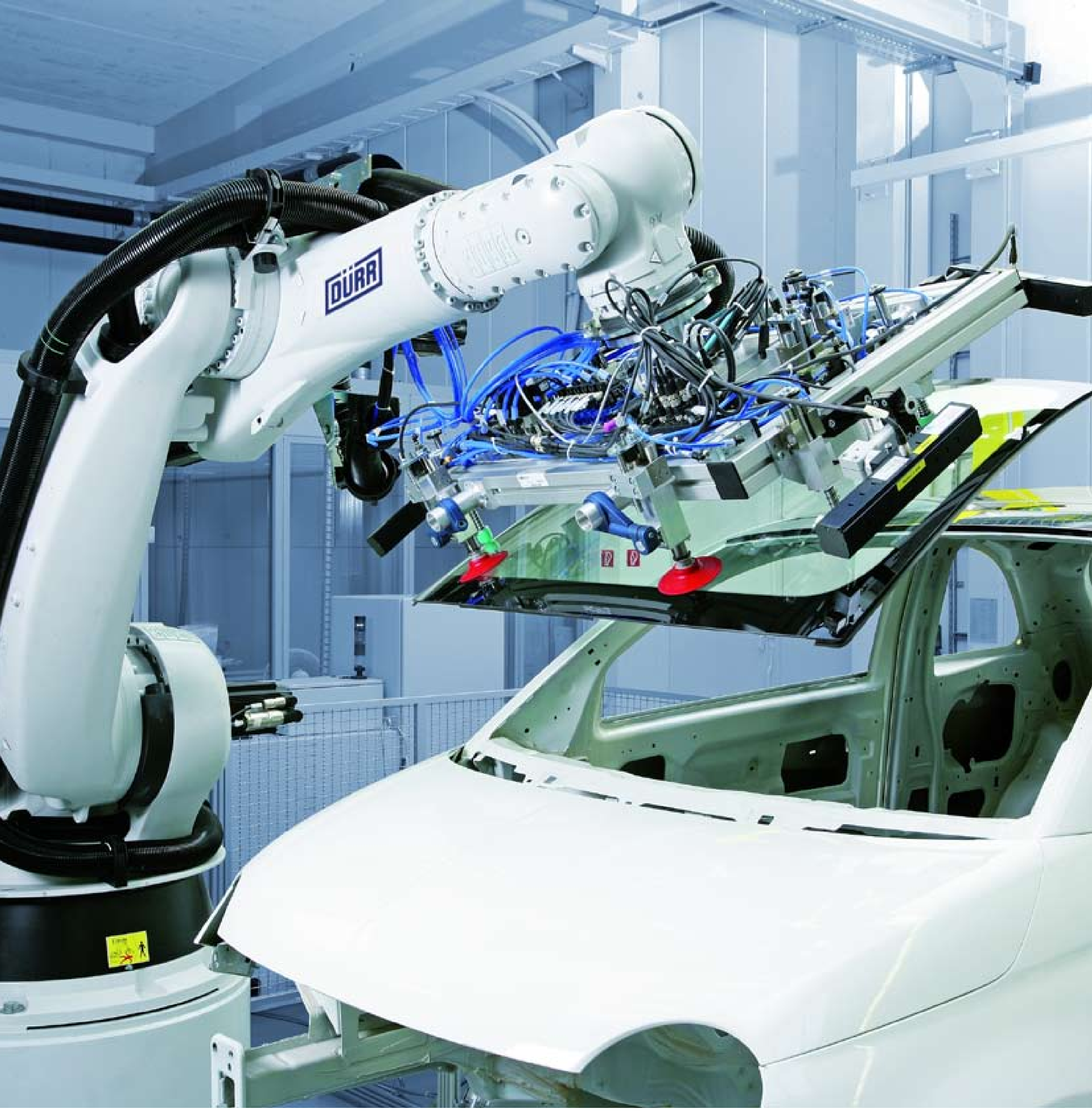


Interim report for the first quarter 2010

DÜRR

Technologies · Systems · Solutions

Contents

Title:
Dürr is expanding its business in glueing technology. After taking over the specialist firm Kleinmichel in January 2010, we now offer solutions for all glueing processes in vehicle production.

Key figures for the Dürr Group (IFRS)

		Q1 2010	Q1 2009
Incoming orders	in € m	362.2	208.4
Orders on hand (March 31)	in € m	1,146.5	817.8
Sales	in € m	230.3	309.5
EBITDA	in € m	-1.5	9.8
EBIT	in € m	-6.1	4.8
Earnings after tax	in € m	-10.4	0.5
Cash flow from operating activities	in € m	16.4	-32.3
Cash flow from investing activities	in € m	-4.6	-3.8
Cash flow from financing activities	in € m	-2.3	52.5
Free cash flow	in € m	8.3	-42.3
Balance sheet total (March 31)	in € m	948.7	1,073.5
Equity (with minority interests) (March 31)	in € m	298.3	345.9
Equity ratio (March 31)	%	31.4	32.2
Net financial status (March 31)	in € m	11.9	-73.0
Net working capital (March 31)	in € m	31.6	187.5
Employees (March 31)		5,721	5,991
Dürr share ISIN: DE0005565204			
High[1)]	€	18.68	12.84
Low[1)]	€	14.17	7.14
Close[1)]	€	17.00	9.80
Number of shares (weighted average)	k	17,301	17,301
Earnings per share (diluted / undiluted)	€	-0.60	0.01

1) XETRA

Immaterial variances may occur in this report in the computation of sums and percentages due to rounding.

Highlights Q1 2010

- Positive order intake trend continued with further recovery in emerging markets and appreciable revival of mechanical engineering business.
- Orders on hand of € 1,147 million at highest level since Q3 2008.
- Service activities are gradually recovering.
- Sales and earnings still suffer from weak order intake in the previous year's comparable period. However, cash flow is significantly positive.
- Outlook for 2010 remains unchanged with substantial sales and earnings growth ahead.

Management report

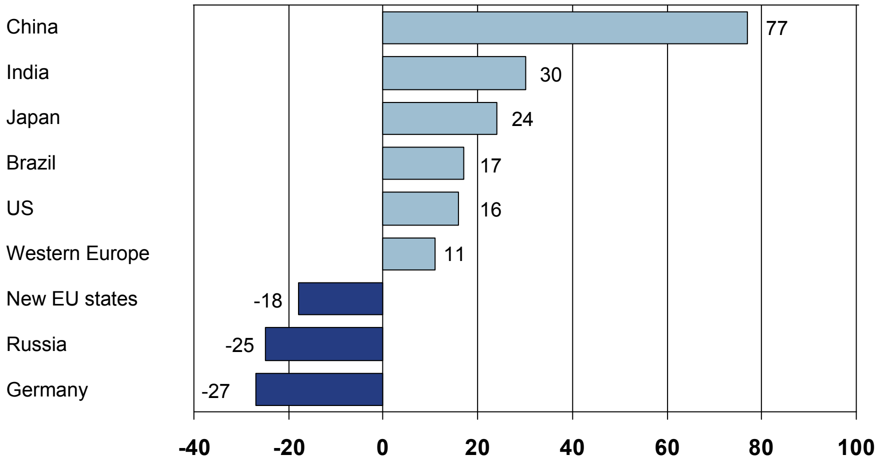
Economic environment

Business activity
The global economy stabilized in the first quarter of 2010. China recorded its strongest year-on-year GDP growth in several quarters at +11.9% and that on a rather high comparative base. The western industrialized countries also saw significant advances but from a low base. Economists now expect some 4% global economic growth for both 2010 and 2011 after 0.8% contraction in 2009. However, high debt and rising unemployment pose growth risks in some countries. Interest rates will probably remain low.

Global automobile production growth reached double-digit percentage rates in the first three months of this year. Car sales in China skyrocketed by 77% last quarter but may not maintain this pace in the next few quarters. Car sales increased 30% in India and 17% in Brazil. Even the United States and Japan saw substantial double-digit growth rates in Q1/2010 from a low comparative base. Car sales in Germany (where the "cash for clunkers" program ended) and Russia were clearly down, though.

Car sales development January – March 2010

Change year-on-year in %



Source: VDA

As sales picked up so did the capital spending activity of car makers especially in growth markets like China and Brazil where manufacturers are building up capacity to increase or maintain their market positions. While the Chinese market may cool off somewhat in the second half of 2010, we expect demand for our plants and machinery to strengthen in Brazil and India. We do not anticipate a recovery of the European car market any time soon and capital spending here will remain focused on modernizing existing factories. The automobile industry in North America has shut down about 13 car factories since the economic crisis started. These capacities will be needed again when the market recovers from 2012 onward and we expect corresponding business investments to commence next year. Moreover, many US automobile factories have to be substantially modernized and made more flexible to lower production costs.

The aerospace sector as well has adjusted its capital spending activity to the lower order volume of carriers. The planning, development, and production cycles for new aircraft are measured in years, though, and manufacturers like Boeing, Airbus, Bombardier, and Lockheed thus continue to pursue their key business investment projects.

The economic sentiment improved as well in the general industry in Q1/2010. The mechanical engineering industry is showing signs of recovery.

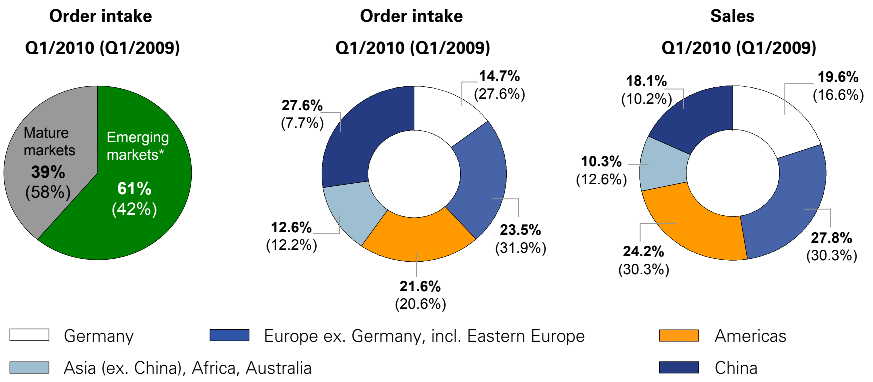
Business development*

Emerging markets account for 61% of order intake

Dürr Group's order intake rose 73.8% year-on-year in Q1/2010 to € 362.2 million. Both our plant construction and mechanical engineering activities contributed to this growth. The primary growth region was China thanks to several large-scale orders. We also received our first major order from Brazil since the capital spending freeze resulting from the credit crunch. Order volume in western markets was slightly above last year's level. Our order intake has been growing steadily quarter-on-quarter since Q1/2009 with the last three quarters averaging nearly € 350 million.

Emerging markets (Mexico, Brazil, Eastern Europe, and Asia excluding Japan) accounted for 61% of our order intake in Q1/2010, Germany for 15%, and the rest of Europe for 24%. North America generated some 22% and Asia 40% of orders.

* All facts and figures in this interim report refer to continuing activities of Dürr Group unless clearly stated otherwise. This interim report has been prepared according to International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).



* Asia (ex. Japan), Mexico, Brazil, Eastern Europe

Paint and Assembly Systems's order volume in Q1/2010 increased 81.7% to € 261.6 million. Paint shops for the automobile industry accounted for a large part of this. Application technology orders more than doubled. Aircraft and Technology Systems also saw lively order intake.

Our mechanical engineering division, Measuring and Process Systems, took in new orders worth € 100.6 million last quarter representing 56.2% year-on-year growth. This low-volume business revived across all regions and customer industries. Both business units, Cleaning and Filtration Systems and Balancing and Assembly Products, registered over 50% order intake growth.

Book-to-bill ratio high at 1.6

Following the prior year's order development, sales volume dropped a further 25.6% to € 230.3 million. Order settlement delays by customers were an additional key factor here. Order intake exceeded sales by 60% in Q1/2010 bringing the book-to-bill ratio to 1.6. Orders on hand reached € 1,146.5 million as of March 31, 2010 – the highest level since Q3/2008 – bringing our reach of orders to approximately one year's worth of sales.

Europe accounted for 48% of our sales last quarter and the Americas for 24%. Asia is claiming ever higher shares of our sales volume trailing order intake at a time lag. Asia, Africa, and Australia made up for 28% of Dürr Group sales last quarter, the emerging markets (primarily BRIC) accounted for 48%.

Gross margin slightly down

Our gross margin came to 18.5% in Q1/2010 after 19.7% in Q1/2009. The drop was mainly due to the fact that the sales decline (-25.6%) slightly exceeded the decrease in cost of sales (24.5%). Process improvements, sourcing cost cuts, and capacity reductions provided positive effects to counter lower margins on orders resulting from the competitive pressure in 2009. Sales from the more profitable service business stabilized at the level of Q1/2009 and started to accelerate especially in March. Even though service business is still far from its previous highs, we expect a further gradual recovery as automobile production picks up.

Research and development budget slightly higher
SG&A decreased 10.7% in the first quarter of 2010 with the administrative cost component down 12.3%. We have somewhat increased our research and development budget by 3.3% to € 6.3 million as announced. We are continuing to gradually raise our research and development budget to expand our new energy and battery assembly technology activities as described in detail in our 2009 annual report. Other operating income and expense was just in the black at € 0.2 million (previous year: € -1.2 million). The largest net item was € 1.0 million in currency translation income (previous year: € -0.8 million). Capacity adjustments figured at € -0.1 million (previous year: € -1.3 million).

Q1 EBIT to bottom out in 2010
Following sales development, EBITDA and EBIT turned out in the red at € -1.5 million and € 6.1 million, respectively (previous year: € 9.8 million and € 4.8 million). The financial result deteriorated to € -5.0 million (Q1 2009: € -4.0 million) due to the higher cost for adjusting our syndicated loan agreement in 2009 (i.e. commitment cost). By contrast, net interest payments of € -5.6 million improved from Q1/2009 (€ -5.9 million).

We calculate income tax expense for the first and subsequent quarters based on the expected income tax of the individual consolidated companies. To this end, we measure the respective company's current quarterly earnings against its planned whole-year earnings and reconcile the income tax expense in the period under review to that. For Q1/2010, this yields € 0.6 million in tax credit on € -11 million pre-tax loss. Correspondingly, after-tax loss comes to € 10.4 million (previous year: € 0.5 million income).

We expect rising sales volumes in the next quarters, therefore earnings in Q1 should have bottomed out in 2010.

Financial position

Positive operating cash flow
Despite the earnings decline, we generated significantly positive **operating cash flow** of € 16.4 million in Q1/2010 (previous year: € -32.3 million). Income tax payments down to € 2.2 million after € 6.9 million the year before contributed to this but the key factor was that net working capital plummeted by € 26.9 million since December 31, 2009 after having been steeply up in Q1/2009. On March 31, 2010, prepayments received (recorded under trade payables) came to € 201.9 million, slightly up from the end of 2009. Trade receivables, in contrast, decreased by a disproportional € 45.6 million due to lower business volume and our successful receivables management. The "other items" position in the table on page 9 comprises cumulated other receivables and assets and prominently reflects the reduction in other liabilities (including cash outflow for restructuring).

Cash flow statement

in € million	Q1 2010	Q2 2009
Earnings before taxes on income	-11.0	0.8
Depreciation and amortization	4.6	5.0
Interest result	4.8	4.3
Income tax payments	-2.2	-6.9
Change in provisions	0.1	-4.6
Change in net working capital	26.9	-35.8
Other items	-6.8	4.9
Operating cash flow	**16.4**	**-32.3**
Interest payments (net)	-5.6	-5.9
Capital expenditure	-2.5	-4.1
Free cash flow	**8.3**	**-42.3**
Other cash flows	0.6	3.7
Reduction (+) / accumulation (-) of net financial debt	**8.9**	**-38.6**

We have eliminated currency translation effects from the cash flow statement. As such, the cash flow statement does not fully reflect all changes in balance sheet positions as shown in the statement of financial position.

Forfaiting and factoring measures have to be taken into account in a period comparison of cash flows. We reduced this measures meanwhile to a normalized level. While their volume declined € 4.2 million in Q1/2010, the drop in Q1/2009 amounted to € 52.9 million. Without this reduction in the forfaiting and factoring portfolio, the cash flow would have turned out correspondingly higher. On a comparable basis, operating cash flow would have come to € 20.6 million in Q1/2010 (previous year: € 20.6 million).

in € million	Dec. 31, 2008	March 31, 2009	Dec. 31, 2009	March 31, 2010
Factoring	15.0	12.5	11.9	7.7
Forfaiting	67.6	17.2	0.0	0.0
Total	**82.6**	**29.7**	**11.9**	**7.7**

In the first three months of 2010, **cash flow from investing activities** amounted to € -4.6 million (previous year: € -3.8 million). Capital expenditure on tangible and intangible assets amounted to € 2.5 million and thus were lower than the year before (€ 4.1 million). We bought the glueing technology specialist Kleinmichel for € 2.5 million in January 2010 (see Capital expenditure, page 12).

Cash flow from financing activities came to € -2.3 million in the period under review (previous year: € 52.5 million). A minor increase in short-term bank debt (€ 4.5 million) stood against interest expense (€ 5.8 million) and payments on finance leasing (€ 1.0 million).

Free cash flow was substantially positive at € 8.3 million in the first three months of 2010. Consequently, our net financial status improved by another € 8.9 million to € 11.9 million since the end of 2009. However, due to our growing business volume and the increased funding needs that we expect particularly in mechanical engineering business we will be drawing on our syndicated loan again in the further course of the year.

Financial and balance sheet ratios change only slightly from year-end 2009

Our long-term assets as of March 31, 2010 rose € 3.7 million from year-end 2009 to € 456.4 million. Current assets showed a mixed development with trade receivables being down € 45.6 million and liquidity being up € 13.7 million to € 117.6 million. On the equity and liabilities side of the balance sheet, the drop in trade payables (€ 16.0 million) stands out. Equity declined only slightly to € 298.3 million. Currency translation profits alleviated the after tax loss. The equity ratio remained virtually unchanged from year-end 2009 at 31.4%. Total assets decreased further by € 19.4 million to € 948.7 million.

As we already pointed out in the cash flow discussion, net working capital declined from € 57.4 million at the end of 2009 to € 31.6 million on March 31, 2010. Days working capital state the employment time of working capital and in the period under review dropped considerably from 19.2 to 12.4 days. The ratio between orders on hand and prepayments received remained relatively constant in line with our customers' unchanged prepayment policies.

The balance sheet changes were a lot more pronounced compared to the end of Q1/2009 than to the end of full year 2009. Total assets declined by € 124.8 million. On the asset side of the balance sheet, goodwill increased € 9 million owing to the three acquisitions made since April 2009. Inventories and trade receivables, however, dropped by almost € 150 million. On the equity and liabilities side, we substantially reduced our financial liabilities. Equity declined as a result of our 2009 loss and dividend distribution for 2008. The drop in net working capital (€ -155.9 million) and improvement of our net financial status (€ +84.9 million) were particularly gratifying.

Short and long-term liabilities

in € million	March 31, 2010	March 31, 2009	Dec. 31, 2009
Financial liabilities (incl. bond)	107.9	178.7	104.0
Provisions (incl. pensions)	108.7	113.9	107.5
Trade payables	314.9	302.6	330.9
thereof prepayments received	201.9	139.3	200.5
Income tax liabilities	8.4	10.1	7.9
Other liabilities (incl. deferred taxes, prepaid/deferred items)	110.5	122.4	116.4
Total	**650.4**	**727.7**	**666.7**

R&D and capital expenditures

Research and development
In Q1/2010, research and development (R&D) expense shown in the income statement increased 3.3% year-on-year to € 6.3 million putting our R&D ratio at 2.7% of sales (previous year: 2.0%). Including additional development expense arising from customer projects, both R&D expense and the R&D ratio were significantly higher. We furthermore capitalized € 0.4 million in R&D expense (previous year: € 0.5 million).

At our open house event in March, Dürr proudly presented to the industry public many innovations from all our business units. Our new paint atomizer generation ***Eco***Bell3 – the first universal atomizer equally suited for all paint shop applications from car bodies to interiors to add-ons thanks to its compact construction – was the highlight of this week-long event on the Dürr campus in Bietigheim-Bissingen. With the launch of our ***Eco***Bell3, we intend to further expand our strong market share in application technology. We estimate our competitive lead here at one to two years. Other innovations we presented to our over 700 guests at the open house included a new, more flexible version of our RoDip dip-painting system and the fourth generation of our *Ecopure* TAR exhaust air purifying system. *Ecopure* TAR's improved burner technology saves fuel and operating costs.

Capital expenditure*

The principal cause for the increase in capital expenditure on tangible and intangible assets in Q1/2010 was that Paint and Assembly Systems bought Kleinmichel GmbH for € 2.5 million including € 1.6 million in goodwill. We consolidated Kleinmichel GmbH for the first time in Q1/2010 with the goodwill added under intangible assets.

Kleinmichel is a glueing technology specialist and an excellent complement to our product portfolio in this area. The company was founded in 1984 and counts all German car makers among its customers. The acquisition of Kleinmichel enables us to offer solutions for all glueing processes in vehicle production. On this basis, we are looking to become the top player in this field. Kleinmichel technology also has its applications beyond the automotive sector, e.g. automated glueing solutions for solar panels and electrical components. The company has approximately 30 employees and generated € 7 million in sales on average in the past few years. Taking over Kleinmichel and its mature product portfolio saved us almost its € 2.5 million price tag in R&D costs.

Our real estate and services subsidiary Schenck Technologie- und Industriepark GmbH of Darmstadt is part of our Measuring and Process Systems division. In the period under review, the company purchased a building for € 0.5 million that it had previously leased. Overall, our consolidated capital spending (without buildings) on tangible assets last quarter was modest at € 1.6 million and lower than the year before (€ 2.9 million). Capex on intangible assets (without goodwill) dropped to € 0.9 million, also (previous year: € 1.2 million).

Capital expenditure

in € million	Q1 2010	Q1 2009
Paint and Assembly Systems	3.1	3.4
Measuring and Process Systems	1.5	0.7
Corporate Center	-	-
Total	**4.6**	**4.1**

* On tangible and intangible assets; capital expenditure (acquisitions) in this presentation deviate from those in the cash flow statements according to IFRS rules.

Employees

Capacity expansion in China continued
With 5,721 employees our staff size hardly changed since the end of 2009 (5,712). Excluding the newly consolidated acquisitions Kleinmichel and UCM, Dürr Group employed 5,675 persons. Our new hiring mostly pertained to the growing Chinese market were we added 27 employees since the end of 2009 bringing our regular staff there to 570 persons. In the western industrialized countries, our staff remained stable or slightly decreased. We have largely stopped short-time work in Germany and, in some cases, even started employing new external manpower to handle the increased order volume.

Since the end of Q1/2009, group staff has decreased by 270 persons. In the emerging markets, however, our staff grew somewhat from 1,408 to 1,419 persons in the same period raising the share of employees in emerging markets to 24.8%. The lively order intake in China also has positive effects on employment in Germany because we are handling large-scale projects in our international network under the management of the Bietigheim system center. Moreover, our R&D and engineering activities are mainly centered in Germany.

Employees

	March 31, 2010	March 31, 2009	Dec. 31, 2009
Paint and Assembly Systems	3,295	3,492	3,283
Measuring and Process Systems	2,380	2,451	2,381
Corporate Center	46	48	48
Total	**5,721**	**5,991**	**5,712**

Personnel changes

CEO Ralf Dieter will continue at the helm of Dürr Group in the next few years. At its March 16, 2010 session, Dürr AG's Supervisory Board extended his contract by another five years. There were no other personnel changes in our Managing or Supervisory Boards in the period under review.

Overview of the divisions

Paint and Assembly Systems

		Q1 2010	Q1 2009
Incoming orders	€ m	261.6	144.0
Sales revenues	€ m	167.1	223.3
EBITDA	€ m	0.6	10.9
EBIT	€ m	-2.1	8.1
Employees (March 31)		3,295	3,492

Paint and Assembly Systems's order intake of € 261.6 million considerably exceeded the low prior year's figure (Q1/2009: € 144.0 million) matching the average for Q3 and Q4 of 2009. The emerging markets' share of order volume increased further to 68.9%. Besides several orders from China (e.g. by Shanghai General Motors) and India (Volvo Eicher trucks), we also received our first major order from the recovering Brazilian market (by Hyundai). Our Environmental and Energy Systems business unit´s order intake was down year-on-year owing to the cut-off date. Aircraft and Technology Systems won a project bid by Strata in Abu Dhabi in addition to orders from Embraer (Portugal) and Spirit (France).

With few exceptions (France, US), our capacity utilization is at a satisfying level. Paint shop construction and application technology are mostly responsible for the sales decline as customer induced delays in order execution and longer project durations resulted in slower sales realization. Healthy order intake and high order backlogs should liven up sales development in the next few quarters, though. The negative EBIT is mainly a reflection of slow sales realization. The slight staff increase (12 employees added since the end of 2009) resulted from the first-time consolidation of Kleinmichel and new hiring in emerging markets.

Measuring and Process Systems

		Q1 2010	Q1 2009
Incoming orders	€ m	100.6	64.4
Sales revenues	€ m	63.2	86.2
EBITDA	€ m	-2.2	-0.8
EBIT	€ m	-4.1	-2.2
Employees (March 31)		2,380	2,451

Measuring and Process Systems saw a substantially higher order volume. This was supported not only by the Balancing and Assembly Products business unit but also by Cleaning and Filtration Systems whose business environment improved. While Measuring and Process Systems´ order intake in the first three quarters of the preceding year averaged only € 60 million, order volume leapt to € 80.4 million in the final quarter of 2009 and bounded to € 100.6 million in Q1/2010. Both business units booked some major orders in the first three months of 2010 again.

Balancing and Assembly Products and Cleaning and Filtration Systems still suffered sales declines on a similar level in Q1/2010. However, Cleaning and Filtration Systems managed to curb its losses despite the sales drop thanks to restructuring measures in the past two years. Improving capacity utilization should brighten up the earnings position of both business units in the next few quarters.

Measuring and Process Systems’ staff number remained unchanged from the end of 2009. Sales of Schenck Technologie- und Industriepark GmbH (TIP) were slightly down because the company divested one building but its earnings were in the black.

Corporate Center

The Q1/2010 EBIT of Dürr AG’s Corporate Center reached € 0.1 million after € -0.7 million the year before. Remaining Campus project tasks accounted for a net expense of € 0.4 million (previous year: € 0.3 million).

Risks and opportunities

For a detailed presentation of Dürr's business risks and opportunities please refer to our 2009 annual report. There you will also find a description of our risk and opportunity management systems.

Risks
In line with the budding general economic recovery, our risk situation improved further in the first quarter of this year. Capacity utilization in most of our group companies is back to healthy levels although US business remains a concern because recovering car sales have not yet sparked the equipment spending engines of our customers there. We will probably make more minor capacity adjustments in North America over the remainder of this year.

Some orders that we acquired in the highly competitive environment of last year have low margins raising the loss risk for these projects. We are countering this risk by curbing our sourcing costs, for instance, through more collaboration with low-cost suppliers in emerging markets. Moreover, we are pursuing a tight project and claim management to avoid additional project processing costs and realize cost cutting potential.

Opportunities
Our capacities and skills in growth markets like China, India, Brazil, and Mexico far outstrip our competition. We therefore also benefit more than proportionately from the high demand for additional production capacity there. Given the low per-capita car densities in these areas – there are fewer than 30 cars per 1,000 inhabitants in China – we assume that production growth in the emerging markets will continue in the long term.

Notwithstanding the economic crisis, we have slightly expanded our R&D budget last year. This gives us more innovations to market broadly as the recovery progresses. One example is our new ***Eco***Bell3 paint atomizer described on page 11.

We made three minor acquisitions in the past 12 months (Datatechnic, UCM, and Kleinmichel) adding know-how and mature technologies to our product portfolios for turbo charger balancing, precision cleaning, and gluing. We will greatly expand our activities in these future segments through our global company and distribution network.

Transactions with related parties

Please refer to the notes to the financial statements (page 34) for a detailed disclosure.

Outlook

The economy improved further in the first quarter of 2010. Uncertainties about the effects of the economic and financial market crises eased considerably. Economists now expect that the debt problems of some countries will remain manageable. The automobile industry got back on track again in Q1/2010 and further increased production.

We still expect over 7% sales growth to at least € 1,150 million this year. Our high order backlog and upcoming new plant construction projects argue in favor of this view. We furthermore assume that last quarter's demand recovery in mechanical engineering business will continue. Considering the pent-up demand at our customers' factories, service business is likewise poised to grow further. We expect order intake to exceed the preceding year's level.

EBIT will probably significantly improve in 2010 primarily thanks to our successful optimization and cost cutting measures. Countering this are the low margins on projects that we won in the highly competitive environment of 2009. The financial result is not likely to change much this year. Tax expense should be lower as the one-off burden in 2009 caused by the allowance of deferred tax assets will fall away. Correspondingly, we intend to show slightly positive earnings after taxes.

Paint and Assembly Systems's bottom line may already benefit this year from the improved order situation while last year's weak order intake will probably continue to burden Measuring and Process Systems's earnings position before we can see appreciable improvement sometime later this year.

Substantially positive cash flow
Some current plant construction projects are about to reach an advanced stage of completion that typically leads to net working capital accumulation. We expect rising order intake in mechanical engineering, which requires us to finance more inventories and receivables again. As such, we assume that our 2010 cash flow will fall short of last year's very high level but will stay clearly positive. To limit the shortfall, we will continue our strict cash and net working capital management.

We will somewhat increase our spending on tangible and intangible assets in the coming quarters after having limited our business investments to the bare necessities in the recent past. We expect 2010 capex on the order of some € 15 to 20 million mostly for replacement spending. We furthermore want to continue our strategy of acquiring small technology-oriented companies to round out our portfolio. We would not rule out a somewhat larger business investment in the area of energy and environmental technology to expand our activities there.

Our net financial status may turn out slightly in the red again at the end of 2010 due to the expected accumulation of net working capital. Equity will probably not change much and the equity ratio should remain above 30%.

We expect our staff level to stay stable this year. Depending on order development, project distribution, and capacity utilization within the Group, we would not rule out some capacity reductions in select segments and markets. However, we will continue to build up our staff in the emerging markets.

Our existing syndicated loan and our corporate bond will not mature until the summer of 2011. We are already working on refinancing early to take advantage of currently favorable capital market conditions.

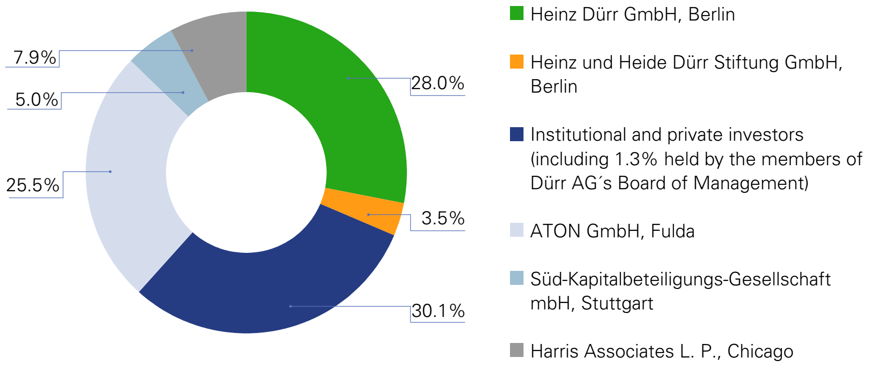
Treasury stock and capital changes

Dürr AG does not hold any of its own stock. Our capital stock of € 44.3 million breaks down into 17.3 million shares and did not change in the period under review.

Dürr share performance

The stock markets continued to rally in the first quarter of 2010. Central banks kept interest rates low. The global economy recovered appreciably and the automobile markets grew considerably. Corporate profits generally met market expectations and sometimes even exceeded them. Since their nadir in March 2009, stock prices have recovered greatly with the DAX gaining 67% and the Dürr share even 138%. However, the Dürr share price stagnated in the first quarter of 2010 while the DAX added another 3% and the SDAX 10%. In early April, the Dürr share resumed its rally not least thanks to our continuing positive order intake.

Ownership structure (as of 20 April 2010)
Our ownership structure changed only marginally in Q1/2010. Heinz Dürr GmbH reduced its stake slightly but remains our largest single shareholder.



Our free float comes to 38.0% according to Deutsche Börse calculations.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events that may materially impact the group's asset, financial, or income positions occurred between March 31, 2010 and the publication of this report.

Bietigheim-Bissingen, April 28, 2010

Dürr Aktiengesellschaft

The Board of Management

Consolidated statement of income

of Dürr Aktiengesellschaft, Stuttgart, for the period from January 1 to March 31, 2010

Amounts in € k	Q1 2010	Q1 2009
Sales revenues	230,328	309,537
Cost of sales	-187,770	-248,605
Gross profit on sales	**42,558**	**60,932**
Selling expenses	-23,148	-25,519
General and administrative expenses	-19,306	-22,017
Research and development costs	-6,273	-6,125
Other operating income	5,854	13,066
Other operating expenses	-5,659	-14,285
	-5,974	**6,052**
Gain or loss on restructuring / onerous contracts	-93	-1,294
Earnings before investment income, interest and similar income, interest and similar expenses, and income taxes	**-6,067**	**4,758**
Loss / profit from entities accounted for using the equity method	-95	331
Interest and similar income	636	318
Interest and similar expenses	-5,469	-4,640
Earnings before income taxes	**-10,995**	**767**
Income taxes	573	-291
Loss / profit of the Dürr Group	**-10,422**	**476**
Loss / profit share of minority interests	-48	349
Loss / profit share of shareholders of Dürr Aktiengesellschaft	**-10,374**	**127**
Earnings per share in € (basic and diluted)	-0.60	0.01

Consolidated statement of comprehensive income

of Dürr Aktiengesellschaft, Stuttgart, for the period from January 1 to March 31, 2010

Amounts € k	Q1 2010	Q1 2009
Loss / profit of the Dürr Group	**-10,422**	**476**
Other comprehensive income		
Changes in fair value of financial instruments used for hedging purposes recognized in equity	-709	-1,760
Currency translation reserve of foreign subsidiaries	7,407	5,585
Currency translation reserve of foreign entities accounted for using the equity method	445	-453
Actuarial gains / losses from defined benefit obligations and similar obligations	-1	-
Deferred taxes recognized on other comprehensive income	212	657
Other comprehensive income after tax	**7,354**	**4,029**
Total comprehensive income after tax	**-3,068**	**4,505**
of which attributable to minority interests	-48	349
of which attributable to shareholders of Dürr Aktiengesellschaft	**-3,020**	**4,156**

Consolidated statement of financial position

of Dürr Aktiengesellschaft, Stuttgart, as of March 31, 2010

Amounts in € k	March 31, 2010	March 31, 2009	December 31, 2009
Assets			
Goodwill	277,077	268,055	271,264
Other intangible assets	37,619	35,242	36,978
Property, plant and equipment	89,853	90,291	88,851
Investment property	20,436	20,844	20,475
Investments in entities accounted for using the equity method	10,013	12,905	9,636
Other financial assets	356	343	4,510
Trade receivables	3,669	1,104	2,592
Income tax receivables	101	116	101
Sundry financial assets	3,837	4,848	5,214
Other assets	67	112	74
Deferred taxes	5,792	5,447	5,336
Prepaid expenses	7,578	6,712	7,625
Non-current assets	**456,398**	**446,019**	**452,656**
Inventories and prepayments	65,244	82,462	62,511
Trade receivables	277,748	406,806	323,277
Income tax receivables	6,132	6,904	4,562
Sundry financial assets	10,714	12,844	9,641
Other assets	9,598	11,477	8,669
Cash and cash equivalents	117,622	102,018	103,897
Prepaid expenses	5,271	5,004	2,932
Current assets	**492,329**	**627,515**	**515,489**
Total assets Dürr Group	**948,727**	**1,073,534**	**968,145**
Equity and liabilities			
Subscribed capital	44,289	44,289	44,289
Capital reserve	200,186	200,186	200,186
Revenue reserves	81,933	130,692	92,237
Other comprehensive income	-34,448	-36,761	-41,797
Equity without minority interests	**291,960**	**338,406**	**294,915**
Minority interests	6,375	7,468	6,488
Equity with minority interests	**298,335**	**345,874**	**301,403**
Provisions for post-employment benefit obligations	55,274	52,511	55,144
Other provisions	6,413	6,566	6,295
Bond	98,447	97,223	98,141
Other financial liabilities	3,971	6,663	4,483
Sundry financial liabilities	7,889	6,911	5,875
Income tax liabilities	112	-	126
Other liabilities	9,685	8,698	7,440
Deferred taxes	21,878	18,707	22,880
Deferred income	711	864	748
Non-current liabilities	**204,380**	**198,143**	**201,132**
Other provisions	47,003	54,777	46,063
Trade payables	314,941	302,617	330,850
Financial liabilities	5,480	74,828	1,333
Sundry financial liabilities	13,355	16,961	21,878
Income tax liabilities	8,279	10,132	7,733
Other liabilities	56,441	69,617	57,052
Deferred income	513	585	701
Current liabilities	**446,012**	**529,517**	**465,610**
Total equity and liabilities Dürr Group	**948,727**	**1,073,534**	**968,145**

Consolidated statement of cash flows

of Dürr Aktiengesellschaft, Stuttgart, for the period from January 1 to March 31, 2010

Amounts in € k	Q1 2010	Q1 2009
Earnings before taxes	-10,995	767
Income taxes paid	-2,201	-6,895
Net interest	4,833	4,322
Loss / profit from entities accounted for using the equity method	95	-331
Amortization and depreciations of non-current assets	4,620	4,997
Net loss / gain on the disposal of non-current assets	1	-34
Other non-cash income and expenses	-5	-
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Inventories	-220	-3,769
Trade receivables	54,599	44,435
Other receivables and assets	-502	4,619
Provisions	66	-4,630
Trade payables	-27,473	-76,437
Other liabilities (other than bank)	-4,028	5,046
Other assets and liabilities	-2,373	-4,383
Cash flow from operating activities	**16,417**	**-32,293**
Purchase of intangible assets	-886	-1,182
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	-1,604	-2,913
Proceeds from the sale of non-current assets	168	68
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired	-2,500	-
Interest received	193	239
Cash flow from investing activities	**-4,629**	**-3,788**
Change in current bank liabilities	4,450	59,018
Repayment of non-current financial liabilities	-68	-218
Payment of finance lease liabilities	-954	-217
Borrowing / repayment of financial liabilities due to entities accounted for using the equity method	5	-2
Interest paid	-5,766	-6,099
Cash flow from financing activities	**-2,333**	**52,482**
Effects of exchange rate changes	4,212	1,232
Changes in cash and cash equivalents related to changes in the consolidated group	58	-
Changes in cash and cash equivalents	13,725	17,633
Cash and cash equivalents		
At the beginning of the period	103,897	84,385
At the end of the period	117,622	102,018

Consolidated statement of changes in equity

of Dürr Aktiengesellschaft, Stuttgart, for the period from January 1 to March 31, 2010

				Other comprehensive income								
	Subscribed capital	Capital reserve	Revenue reserves	Unrealized gains / losses from cash flow hedges	Unrealized gains / losses from available-for-sale securities	Changes related to the consolida-ted group / reclassi-fications	Unrealized actuarial gains / losses	Currency translation	Other compre-hensive income	Equity without minority interests	Minority interests	Equity with minority interests
Amounts in € k												
January 1, 2009	**44,289**	**200,186**	**130,557**	**-805**	**-18**	**822**	**-6,668**	**-34,113**	**-40,782**	**334,250**	**7,119**	**341,369**
Profit for the period	-	-	127	-	-	-	-	-	-	127	349	476
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-1,103	-	-	-	5,132	4,029	4,029	-	4,029
Total comprehensive income	**-**	**-**	**127**	**-1,103**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**5,132**	**4,029**	**4,156**	**349**	**4,505**
Other changes	-	-	8	-	-	-8	-	-	-8	-	-	-
March 31, 2009	**44,289**	**200,186**	**130,692**	**-1,908**	**-18**	**814**	**-6,668**	**-28,981**	**-36,761**	**338,406**	**7,468**	**345,874**
January 1, 2010	**44,289**	**200,186**	**92,237**	**-304**	**-11**	**801**	**-11,085**	**-31,198**	**-41,797**	**294,915**	**6,488**	**301,403**
Loss for the period	-	-	-10,374	-	-	-	-	-	-	-10,374	-48	-10,422
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-497	-	-	-1	7,852	7,354	7,354	-	7,354
Total comprehensive income	**-**	**-**	**-10,374**	**-497**	**-**	**-**	**-1**	**7,852**	**7,354**	**-3,020**	**-48**	**-3,068**
Put option minority interests	-	-	65	-	-	-	-	-	-	65	-65	-
Other changes	-	-	5	-	-	-5	-	-	-5	-	-	-
March 31, 2010	**44,289**	**200,186**	**81,933**	**-801**	**-11**	**796**	**-11,086**	**-23,346**	**-34,448**	**291,960**	**6,375**	**298,335**

Notes to the consolidated financial statements January 1 to March 31, 2010

1. Summary of significant accounting policies

The Company

Dürr Aktiengesellschaft ("Dürr AG" or the "Company") has its registered offices in Stuttgart, Germany. Its headquarters for operations are located at Carl-Benz-Strasse 34 in 74321 Bietigheim-Bissingen, Germany. The Dürr Group ("Dürr" or the "Group") consists of Dürr AG and its subsidiaries. The Dürr Group specializes in mechanical and plant engineering and is one of the global market leaders in almost all of its fields of business. It generates some 85% of sales revenues with the automotive industry, but also acts as supplier of production technology for other industries including the aviation, mechanical engineering, energy as well as the chemical and pharmaceutical industries. Dürr serves the market with two divisions: the Paint and Assembly Systems division offers production and paint finishing technology, mainly for automotive bodyshells. The machines and systems produced by the Measuring and Process Systems division are mainly used in engine and drive construction as well as final assembly.

Accounting policies

The consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union (EU) at the balance sheet date and the additional requirements of German commercial law pursuant to Sec. 315a (1) HGB ("Handelsgesetzbuch": German Commercial Code). In line with IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting", these financial statements do not include all of the information and footnotes required by IFRS for complete financial statements for year-end reporting.

The consolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2010 are not subject to any review or audit pursuant to Sec. 317 HGB.

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements for interim reporting pursuant to IAS 34 requires management to make estimates and judgements that affect the application of accounting policies in the Group as well as the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses. Actual figures may diverge from these estimates.

The accounting policies used generally correspond to the methods applied in the consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2009; we refer to our 2009 annual report. Changes in the accounting policies during the first three months of fiscal year 2010 mainly arose from the following new or amended standards, for which application is mandatory since January 1, 2010:

Changes in IAS 27 "Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements" and IFRS 3 "Business Combinations": The revised standards are applicable for reporting periods beginning on or after July 1, 2009. The standards change the accounting for business combinations thus affecting the amount of goodwill recognized, the result of the reporting period in which the acquisition took place and future results. Pursuant to the revised standards the costs of the acquisitions were recorded in profit or loss as incurred. Accordingly, the amount of goodwill recognized is lower.

Expenses that are incurred irregularly during the reporting period have been cut off in those cases where they would also be cut off at year-end.

The income taxes for the interim reporting periods are determined on the basis of an estimated annual effective income tax rate for each individual entity.

The consolidated financial statements are prepared in euro; all amounts are reported in thousands of euro (€ k), unless stated otherwise.

2. Consolidated group

Besides Dürr AG, the consolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2010 contain all domestic and foreign companies which Dürr AG can control directly or indirectly (control concept). The entities are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date on which the possibility of control was obtained. Joint ventures and associates are included in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method from the date on which joint control or the possibility of significant influence, respectively, existed.

The table below shows the number of entities included in the consolidated group besides Dürr AG.

	March 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Number of fully consolidated entities		
Germany	9	9
Other countries	43	42
	52	**51**

	March 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Number of entities accounted for using the equity method		
Germany	3	3
Other countries	1	1
	4	**4**

The consolidated financial statements contain four entities (December 31, 2009: four) in which minority shareholders hold interests.

Effective as of January 1, 2010, Dürr first consolidated UCM AG, Rheineck, Switzerland.

3. Company acquisitions

UCM AG

As of January 1, 2010 the entity UCM AG, registered in Rheineck, Switzerland, was first consolidated. In line with the purchase contract dated December 9, 2009, Dürr acquired 100% of UCM's shares. UCM AG specializes in equipment for the precision cleaning of workpieces. With this move, Dürr is rounding out its portfolio in a business segment that addresses growth industries such as medical engineering and precision optics.

UCM AG was first consolidated pursuant to IFRS 3 "Business Combinations" under application of the acquisition method. The results of the acquired company were included in the consolidated financial statements starting with the date of first consolidation. The contribution of UCM AG to the net result of the period from the date of first consolidation to March 31, 2010, amounted to € -83 thousand, the sales revenues with external parties included in this period amounted to € 615 thousand.

The purchase price of € 4,156 thousand for UCM AG consists of a base price of € 2,240 thousand and of two base rates each of € 806 thousand for company results (earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization – EBITDA) in fiscal years 2010 and 2011. The two base rates increase or decrease in proportion to the difference between the expected EBITDA and the EBITDA as shown in the annual financial statements. The change of the two base rates together must not exceed € 672 thousand (cap). The maximum purchase price amounts to € 4,635 thousand, the minimum purchase price is € 3,291 thousand. In case that the actual EBITDAs for the fiscal years 2010 and 2011 together add up to at least € 1,441 thousand the second base rate will be raised by another € 269 thousand. At the date of acquisition the contingent portion of the purchase price of € 1,916 thousand was recognized as a liability. The goodwill of € 1,525 thousand reflects technology and cost synergies in precision cleaning technology as well as the positive earnings expectations of UCM AG.

Kleinmichel

On January 25, 2010 Dürr acquired in an asset deal assets of Klaus Kleinmichel GmbH, Bernried, Germany, from the bankruptcy estate. The company specializes in glueing equipment for automobile manufacture and general industry. The acquired assets were first consolidated pursuant to IFRS 3 "Business Combinations" under application of the acquisition method. The goodwill of € 1,603 thousand reflects technology and cost synergies in glueing equipment.

In 2010, until its bankruptcy in January, Klaus Kleinmichel GmbH has not generated sales revenues. Due to the fact that the acquired assets are completely merged into the accounts of the acquiring company Dürr Systems GmbH, Stuttgart, a separate presentation of the results and sales revenues since the date of acquisition is not feasible.

The acquired net assets and goodwill of UCM AG and Kleinmichel is determined as follows:

Amounts in € k	
Acquisition price	6,656
Fair value of net assets	3,528
Goodwill	**3,128**

The total purchase price was allocated to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed as follows:

Amounts in € k	Carrying amount before acquisition	Adjustment	Carrying amount after acquisition
Intangible assets	-	2,332	2,332
Property, plant and equipment	1,159	-309	850
Inventories	1,116	-425	691
Receivables and other assets	1,671	19	1,690
Cash and cash equivalents	59	-1	58
Non-current liabilities	225	-	225
Deferred tax liabilities	255	312	567
Current liabilities	1,303	-2	1,301
Net assets	**2,222**	**1,306**	**3,528**

The carrying amounts after acquisition correspond to fair values as of the date of acquisition. The adjustments mainly relate to intangible assets, where technological know-how and customer relationships were recognized in the course of the purchase price allocation. A building owned by UCM AG was measured at market value. In addition, trade receivables and payables were adjusted to carrying amounts determined using the percentage-of-completion method under IAS 11 "Construction Contracts" and the acquired inventories were written-down.

The goodwill was allocated to the Cleaning and Filtration Systems and Application Technology business units and is tax deductible at the amount of € 1,603 thousand.

The useful lives of intangible assets acquired are presented in the following.

	Fair value (in k €)	Useful life (in years)
Technological know-how	892	8
Customer relationship	1,440	10
	2,332	

4. Earnings per share

Earnings per share is determined pursuant to IAS 33 "Earnings per Share". Earnings per share is calculated as the profit share of the shareholders of Dürr AG divided by the weighted average number of shares issued. The calculation is presented in the table below. In the reporting periods from January 1 to March 31, 2010 and 2009, there were no dilutive effects.

		Q1 2010	Q1 2009
Loss/profit attributable to the shareholders of Dürr AG	€ k	-10,374	127
Number of shares issued in thousand (weighted average)	k	17,300.5	17,300.5
Earnings per share (basic and diluted)	€	-0.60	0.01

5. Income tax effects relating to other comprehensive income

The following table shows the components of other comprehensive income and the associated tax effects, taking into account the changes of the item "Minority interests".

	Q1 2010			Q1 2009		
Amounts in € k	Before tax	Tax effect	Net	Before tax	Tax effect	Net
Net gains/losses (-) from derivatives used to hedge cash flows	-709	212	-497	-1,760	657	-1,103
Difference arising from foreign currency translation	7,407	-	7,407	5,585	-	5,585
Difference arising from foreign currency translation of entities accounted for using the equity method	445	-	445	-453	-	-453
Change in net actuarial gains and losses from benefit obligations	-1	-	-1	-	-	-
Change in other comprehensive income	**7,142**	**212**	**7,354**	**3,372**	**657**	**4,029**

6. Liabilities from restructuring measures

Liabilities from restructuring measures decreased by € 2,806 thousand to € 11,265 thousand compared to December 31, 2009. This was mainly due to the utilization of liabilities formed in prior periods, whereas an addition of € 38 thousand was recorded in the first three months of fiscal year 2010 with opposite effect.

7. Segment reporting

The segment reporting was prepared according to IFRS 8 „Operating Segments". Based on the internal reporting and organizational structure of the Group, the consolidated financial statement data is presented by division. The segmentation is to provide details on the results of operations, net assets and financial position of individual activities.

The reporting is based on the divisions of the Group. The Dürr Group consists of a management holding and two divisions differentiated by product and service range, each with global responsibility for their products and results. The Corporate Center essentially consists of Dürr AG.

Management monitors the EBIT (earnings before investment income, interest and taxes) of its two divisions separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and evaluating the segments' development and operating performance. As the basis for segment reporting in accordance with IFRS 8 is the same as is used internally (management approach), the level of EBIT determined may differ from the consolidated financial statements. Group financing (including finance cost and finance income) and income taxes are managed on a Group basis and are not allocated to the operating segments.

Q1 2010		**Paint and Assembly Systems**	**Measuring and Process Systems**	**Total segments**	**Reconciliation**	**Total Dürr Group**
External sales revenues	€ k	167,122	63,206	**230,328**	-	**230,328**
Sales revenues with other divisions	€ k	154	823	**977**	-977	**-**
Total sales revenues	**€ k**	**167,276**	**64,029**	**231,305**	**-977**	**230,328**
EBIT	€ k	-2,086	-4,078	**-6,164**	97	**-6,067**
Assets (as of March 31)	€ k	465,681	365,295	**830,976**	-21,909	**809,067**
Employees (as of March 31)		3,295	2,380	**5,675**	46	**5,721**

Q1 2009		Paint and Assembly Systems	Measur-ing and Process Systems	Total segments	Recon-ciliation	Total Dürr Group
External sales revenues	€ k	223,314	86,223	**309,537**	-	**309,537**
Sales revenues with other divisions	€ k	203	3,788	**3,991**	-3,991	**-**
Total sales revenues	**€ k**	**223,517**	**90,011**	**313,528**	**-3,991**	**309,537**
EBIT	€ k	8,114	-2,218	**5,896**	-1,138	**4,758**
Assets (as of March 31)	€ k	582,542	400,878	**983,420**	-37,276	**946,144**
Assets (as of December 31)	€ k	492,902	373,480	**866,382**	-21,769	**844,613**
Employees (as of March 31)		3,492	2,451	**5,943**	48	**5,991**

Group figures are derived as follows from the segment figures:

Amounts in € k	Q1 2010	Q1 2009
EBIT of the segments	-6,164	5,896
EBIT of the Corporate Center	78	-747
Borrowing costs recognized pursuant to IAS 23	-	-211
Elimination from consolidation entries	19	-180
EBIT of the Dürr Group	**-6,067**	**4,758**

Amounts in € k	March 31, 2010	March 31, 2009	December 31, 2009
Segment assets	830,976	983,420	866,382
Assets of the Corporate Center	501,667	501,507	499,971
Elimination from consolidation entries	-523,576	-538,783	-521,740
Cash and cash equivalents	117,622	102,018	103,897
Tax receivables	6,233	7,020	4,663
Investments in entities accounted for using the equity method	10,013	12,905	9,636
Deferred tax assets	5,792	5,447	5,336
Gross assets of the Dürr Group	**948,727**	**1,073,534**	**968,145**

The employees reported in the reconciliation columillion relate to the Corporate Center.

Under the revised IAS 23 "Borrowing Costs", borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset must be included in the cost of that asset; the previously allowed alternative treatment of immediately recognizing borrowing costs has been eliminated. In Dürr's financial statements this means that finance costs that are attributable to long-term construction contracts in accordance with IAS 11 "Construction Contracts" are recognized in cost of sales. Since the EBIT is the basis used internally for management purposes without taking into account finance costs, borrowing costs are not included in segment profit or loss. No borrowing costs pursuant to IAS 23 were recognized in the first three months of the fiscal year 2010 (prior period: € -211 thousand).

8. Related-party transactions

Dr.-Ing. E. h. Heinz Dürr is chairman of the supervisory board of Dürr AG and was chairman of the supervisory board of Dürr Systems GmbH until March 15, 2010. He received remuneration of € 2 thousand (prior period: € 68 thousand) for these duties. Dr.-Ing. E. h. Heinz Dürr is also a member of the supervisory board of Landesbank Baden-Württemberg. Expenses of € 62 thousand (prior period: € 65 thousand) were payable to Heinz Dürr GmbH, Berlin, of which Dr.-Ing. E. h. Heinz Dürr is general manager, for reimbursement of office and travel expenses relating to supervisory board activities and for cost reimbursements for the Dürr office in the German capital, Berlin. For his former activity as general manager, Dr.-Ing. E. h. Heinz Dürr also received benefits from the pension commitment (of April 2, 1978, supplemented December 21, 1988) of € 60 thousand (prior period: € 95 thousand).

Mr. Joachim Schielke is a member of Dürr AG's supervisory board and of the management board of Landesbank Baden-Württemberg as well as chairman of the management board of Baden-Württembergische Bank. From the current business relationship, a balance of € 7,530 thousand (Dec. 31, 2009: € 5,397 thousand) and liability from utilization of the cash line of the syndicated loan of € 0 thousand (Dec. 31, 2009: € 0 thousand) were held at Baden-Württembergische Bank at the end of the reporting period. Transactions with Baden-Württembergische Bank resulted in interest expenses of € 566 thousand (prior period: € 356 thousand) in the reporting period. The warranties and guarantees issued by Baden-Württembergische Bank on behalf of Dürr amounted to € 11,609 thousand at the end of the reporting period (Dec. 31, 2009: € 13,869 thousand).

The Board of Management confirms that all the related-party transactions described above were carried out at arm's length conditions.

9. Contingent liabilities and other financial obligations

Amounts in € k	March 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Contingent liabilities from guarantees, notes and check guarantees	2,153	1,961
Other	25,661	15,288
Contingent liabilities	**27,814**	**17,249**

Amounts in € k	March 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Rent and lease agreements (operating leases)	124,628	127,863
Liabilities from other continuous obligations	15,411	16,440
Other financial obligations	**140,039**	**144,303**

The Company assumes that these contingent liabilities will not lead to any liabilities and thus to cash outflows.

Shares in subsidiaries had been pledged as collateral for the bond and the syndicated loan facility at the end of the reporting period. In connection with the adjustment of the financial covenants in 2009, further collateral was provided in the form of current and non-current assets with a carrying amount of € 129,427 thousand as of March 31, 2010 (Dec. 31, 2009: € 181,132 thousand).

The following table shows the contingent liabilities for joint ventures.

Amounts in € k	March 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Guarantees for joint ventures	3,069	3,069
Accession of joint and several liability by the venturer	-1,705	-1,705
	1,364	**1,364**

10. Subsequent events

No material events occurred between the reporting date and the date of publication of the interim report as of March 31, 2010.

Responsibility statement by management

To the best of our knowledge, and in accordance with the applicable principles for interim financial reporting, these interim consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial, and income position of the Group and the consolidated interim management report includes a fair review of the Group's business development, performance, and position together with a description of the principal opportunities and risks associated with the expected development of the Group for the remaining months of the financial year.

Bietigheim-Bissingen, April 28, 2010

Dürr Aktiengesellschaft

The Board of Management

Ralf Dieter
Chairman of the Board
of Management

Ralph Heuwing
Chief Financial Officer

Financial calendar

April 30, 2010	Annual general meeting, Bietigheim-Bissingen
August 05, 2010	Interim financial report for the first half of 2010
November 03, 2010	Interim report for the first nine months of 2010

Contact

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This interim report is the English translation of the German original. The German version shall prevail.